Lucky Numbers

Leonardo thinks 4 and 7 are *lucky* digits! He defines a number as *lucky* if it can be represented as the sum of one or more of these lucky digits. For example, he considers the following numbers to be lucky:

- $14 \Leftarrow 7 + 7$
- $11 \Leftarrow 7 + 4$
- $18 \Leftarrow 7 + 7 + 4$
- $7 \Leftarrow 7$

You are given q queries, where each query consists of a long integer denoting n. For each query, print Yes on a new line if n is a lucky number; otherwise, print No.

Input Format

The first line contains an integer denoting q.

Each of the q subsequent lines contains a long integer describing the value of n for a query.

Constraints

- $1 \leq q \leq 100$
- $1 \leq n \leq 10^{16}$

Subtasks

+ $1 \leq n \leq 100$ for 60% of the maximum score

Output Format

For each query, print <u>Yes</u> on a new line if n is a lucky number; otherwise, print <u>No</u>.

Sample Input

4			
1			
4			
11			
17			

Sample Output

No Yes Yes No

Explanation

We perform the following q=4 queries: 1/2

- 1. n = 1 can't be represented as a sum of 4's and 7's, so we print No on a new line.
- 2. n = 4 is a lucky digit (which means it's also a lucky number), so we print Yes on a new line.
- 3. n = 11 can be represented as 4 + 7, so we print Yes on a new line.
- 4. n = 17 can't be represented as a sum of **4**'s and **7**'s, so we print **NO** on a new line.