

Sophia has discovered several alien languages. Suprisingly, all of these languages have an [alphabet](#), and each of them may contain thousands of characters! Also, all the words in a language have the same number of characters in it.

However, the aliens like their words to be aesthetically pleasing, which for them means that for the  $i^{\text{th}}$  letter of an  $n$ -letter alphabet (letters are indexed  $1 \dots n$ ):

- if  $2i > n$ , then the  $i^{\text{th}}$  letter may be the last letter of a word, or it may be immediately followed by any letter, including itself.
- if  $2i \leq n$ , then the  $i^{\text{th}}$  letter can not be the last letter of a word and also can only be immediately followed by  $j^{\text{th}}$  letter if and only if  $j \geq 2i$ .

Sophia wants to know how many different words exist in this language. Since the result may be large, she wants to know this number, modulo  $100000007(10^8 + 7)$ .

## Input Format

The first line contains  $t$ , the number of test cases. The first line is followed by  $t$  lines, each line denoting a test case. Each test case will have two space-separated integers  $n, m$  which denote the number of letters in the language and the length of words in this language respectively.

## Constraints

- $1 \leq t \leq 5$
- $1 \leq n \leq 10^5$
- $1 \leq m \leq 5 \cdot 10^5$

## Output Format

For each test case, output the number of possible words modulo  $100000007(10^8 + 7)$ .

## Sample Input

```
3
1 3
2 3
3 2
```

## Sample Output

```
1
3
6
```

## Explanation

For the first test case, there's one letter ('a') and all the words consist of **3** letters. There's only one possibility which is "aaa".

For the second test case, there are two letters ('a' and 'b') and all the words are of **3** letters. The possible strings are "abb", "bab", & "bbb". The words can end only with 'b' because  $2 \cdot \text{index}(b) = 2 \cdot 2 > 2$  and for 'a', it's  $2 \cdot \text{index}(a) = 2 \cdot 1 \leq 2$ . "aab" is not allowed because 'a' can not be followed immediately by 'a'. For a word of length 4 and alphabet of size 2, "abab" would be allowed.

For the third test case, there are three letters ('a', 'b' and 'c') and all of the words are **2** letters. The words can only end with 'b' or 'c'. The possible words are "ab", "ac", "bb", "cc", "bc", "cb".