## Counting the Ways

Little Walter likes playing with his toy scales. He has $N$ types of weights. The $i^{\text {th }}$ weight type has weight $a_{i}$. There are infinitely many weights of each type.

Recently, Walter defined a function, $F(X)$, denoting the number of different ways to combine several weights so their total weight is equal to $X$. Ways are considered to be different if there is a type which has a different number of weights used in these two ways.

For example, if there are 3 types of weights with corresonding weights 1 , 1 , and 2 , then there are 4 ways to get a total weight of 2 :

1. Use 2 weights of type 1 .
2. Use 2 weights of type 2 .
3. Use 1 weight of type 1 and 1 weight of type 2 .
4. Use 1 weight of type 3 .

Given $N, L, R$, and $a_{1}, a_{2}, \ldots, a_{N}$, can you find the value of $F(L)+F(L+1)+\ldots+F(R)$ ?

## Input Format

The first line contains a single integer, $N$, denoting the number of types of weights. The second line contains $N$ space-separated integers describing the values of $a_{1}, a_{2}, \ldots, a_{N}$, respectively
The third line contains two space-separated integers denoting the respective values of $L$ and $R$.

## Constraints

- $1 \leq N \leq 10$
- $0<a_{i} \leq 10^{5}$
- $a_{1} \times a_{2} \times \ldots \times a_{N} \leq 10^{5}$
- $1 \leq L \leq R \leq 10^{17}$

Note: The time limit for C/C++ is 1 second, and for Java it's 2 seconds.

## Output Format

Print a single integer denoting the answer to the question. As this value can be very large, your answer must be modulo $10^{9}+7$.

## Sample Input

## Explanation

$F(1)=1$
$F(2)=2$
$F(3)=3$
$F(4)=4$
$F(5)=5$
$F(6)=7$

