## Euler's Criterion

Your friend gives you an equation $A \equiv X^{2}(\bmod M)$ and asks you to find an integer solution for $X$. However, you know your friend's mischievous nature and suspect that there is no solution to such an equation. Thus, you first want to find out whether there is a solution to it.

You may find this link helpful: http://mathworld.wolfram.com/EulersCriterion.html

## Input Format

The first line contains the number of cases, $T$. $T$ lines follow, each containing two integers $A$ and $M$ separated by a single space.

## Constraints

- $0<T \leq 10^{5}$
- $2 \leq M<10^{9}, M$ is prime
- $0 \leq A<M$


## Output Format

Output $T$ lines, each containing one word: Yes, if a solution exists and no otherwise.

## Sample Input

```
2
5
47
```


## Sample Output

NO
YES

## Explanation

In the second test case, we can take $X=2$, as $4 \equiv 2^{2}(\bmod 7)$. Or we can take $X=5$, as $5^{2}=25 \equiv 4(\bmod 7)$.

However there is no integer which gives 5 modulo 7 when squared.

