Fibonacci Numbers Tree

Shashank loves trees and math. He has a rooted tree, T, consisting of N nodes uniquely labeled with integers in the inclusive range [1, N]. The node labeled as 1 is the *root* node of tree T, and each node in T is associated with some positive integer value (all values are initially 0).

Let's define F_k as the k^{th} Fibonacci number. Shashank wants to perform 2 types of operations over his tree, T:

1. *UX k*

Update the subtree rooted at node X such that the node at level 0 in subtree X (i.e., node X) will have F_k added to it, all the nodes at level 1 will have F_{k+1} added to them, and so on. More formally, all the nodes at a distance D from node X in the subtree of node X will have the $(k + D)^{th}$ Fibonacci number added to them.

2. *Q X Y*

Find the sum of all values associated with the nodes on the unique path from X to Y. Print your sum modulo 10^9+7 on a new line.

Given the configuration for tree T and a list of M operations, perform all the operations efficiently.

Note: $F_1 = F_2 = 1$.

Input Format

The first line contains 2 space-separated integers, N (the number of nodes in tree T) and M (the number of operations to be processed), respectively.

Each line i of the N-1 subsequent lines contains an integer, P, denoting the parent of the $(i+1)^{th}$ node.

Each of the M subsequent lines contains one of the two types of operations mentioned in the *Problem Statement* above.

Constraints

- $1 \le N, M \le 10^5$
- $1 \leq X, Y \leq N$
- $1 \leq k \leq 10^{15}$

Output Format

For each operation of type 2 (i.e., Q), print the required answer modulo 10^9+7 on a new line.

Sample Input

```
5 10
1
1
```

	After	update	operation
2/:	3		

2 2 2 5

1+1=2

2+2=4

2

2+2=4

0

After update operation **1 1**, it looks like this:



0

Explanation

Q 2 3

Q45

0 2

2 2, it looks like this:

Sample Output

Intially, the tree looks like this:

4 4

10