## Game Of Rotation

Mark is an undergraduate student and he is interested in rotation. A conveyor belt competition is going on in the town which Mark wants to win. In the competition, there's A conveyor belt which can be represented as a strip of $1 \times N$ blocks. Each block has a number written on it. The belt keeps rotating in such a way that after each rotation, each block is shifted to left of it and the first block goes to last position.

There is a switch near the conveyer belt which can stop the belt. Each participant would be given a single chance to stop the belt and his PMEAN would be calculated.

PMEAN is calculated using the sequence which is there on the belt when it stops. The participant having highest PMEAN is the winner. There can be multiple winners.

Mark wants to be among the winners. What PMEAN he should try to get which guarantees him to be the winner.

$$
\text { PMEAN }=\sum_{i=1}^{n} i \times a[i]
$$

where $a$ represents the configuration of conveyor belt when it is stopped. Indexing starts from 1.

## Input Format

First line contains $N$ denoting the number of elements on the belt.
Second line contains $N$ space separated integers.

## Output Format

Output the required PMEAN

## Constraints

$1 \leq N \leq 10^{6}$
$-10^{9} \leq$ each number $\leq 10^{9}$
For any rotation, PMEAN will always lie within the range of 64-bit signed integer.

## Sample Input

```
3
```

203010

## Sample Output

```
140
```


## Explanation

Number on top can be written in these manners.
Initial numbers on belt, 203010 PMEAN $=1 \times 20+2 \times 30+3 \times 10=110$
After first rotation, 301020 PMEAN $=1 \times 30+2 \times 10+3 \times 20=110$

After second rotation, 102030 PMEAN $=1 \times 10+2 \times 20+3 \times 30=140$ So maximum possible value will be 140 .

