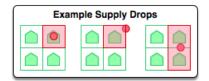
# **Army Game**



Luke is daydreaming in Math class. He has a sheet of graph paper with n rows and m columns, and he imagines that there is an army base in each cell for a total of  $n \cdot m$  bases. He wants to drop supplies at strategic points on the sheet, marking each drop point with a red dot. If a base contains at least one package inside or on top of its border fence, then it's considered to be supplied. For example:





Given n and m, what's the minimum number of packages that Luke must drop to supply all of his bases?

## **Example**

n = 2

m = 3

Packages can be dropped at the corner between cells (0, 0), (0, 1), (1, 0) and (1, 1) to supply 4 bases. Another package can be dropped at a border between (0, 2) and (1, 2). This supplies all bases using 2 packages.

### **Function Description**

Complete the gameWithCells function in the editor below.

gameWithCells has the following parameters:

- *int n:* the number of rows in the game
- int m: the number of columns in the game

#### Returns

• int: the minimum number of packages required

#### **Input Format**

Two space-separated integers describing the respective values of n and m.

#### **Constraints**

 $0 < n, m \le 1000$ 

## Sample Input 0

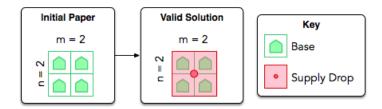
2 2

#### Sample Output 0

1

## **Explanation 0**

Luke has four bases in a  $2 \times 2$  grid. If he drops a single package where the walls of all four bases intersect, then those four cells can access the package:



Because he managed to supply all four bases with a single supply drop, we print  ${\bf 1}$  as our answer.