## Halloween Sale

You wish to buy video games from the famous online video game store Mist.
Usually, all games are sold at the same price, $p$ dollars. However, they are planning to have the seasonal Halloween Sale next month in which you can buy games at a cheaper price. Specifically, the first game will cost $p$ dollars, and every subsequent game will cost $d$ dollars less than the previous one. This continues until the cost becomes less than or equal to $m$ dollars, after which every game will cost $m$ dollars. How many games can you buy during the Halloween Sale?

## Example

$p=20$
$d=3$
$m=6$
$s=70$.
The following are the costs of the first 11, in order:

$$
20,17,14,11,8,6,6,6,6,6,6
$$

Start at $p=20$ units cost, reduce that by $d=3$ units each iteration until reaching a minimum possible price, $m=6$. Starting with $s=70$ units of currency in your Mist wallet, you can buy 5 games:
$20+17+14+11+8=70$.

## Function Description

Complete the howManyGames function in the editor below.
howManyGames has the following parameters:

- int $p$ : the price of the first game
- int d: the discount from the previous game price
- int $m$ : the minimum cost of a game
- int $s$ : the starting budget


## Input Format

The first and only line of input contains four space-separated integers $p, d, m$ and $s$.

## Constraints

- $1 \leq m \leq p \leq 100$
- $1 \leq d \leq 100$
- $1 \leq s \leq 10^{4}$


## Sample Input 0

## Sample Output 0

6

## Explanation 0

Assumptions other than starting funds, $s$, match the example in the problem statement. With a budget of 80 , you can buy 6 games at a cost of $20+17+14+11+8+6=76$. A $7^{t h}$ game for an additional 6 units exceeds the budget.

## Sample Input 1

```
20 3 6 85
```


## Sample Output 1

7

## Explanation 1

This is the same as the previous case, except this time the starting budget $s=85$ units of currency. This time, you can buy 7 games since they cost $20+17+14+11+8+6+6=82$. An additional game at 6 units will exceed the budget.

