Huge GCD

Gayasen has received a homework assignment to compute the greatest common divisor of the two positive integers A and B. Since the numbers are quite large, the professor provided him with N smaller integers whose product is A, and M integers with product B. He would like to verify result, so he has asked you to write a program to solve his problem. But instead of printing complete answer you have to print answer modulo 10^9+7 .

Input

First line of input contains the positive integer N (1 <= N <= 1000).

Second line of input contains \mathbb{N} space-separated positive integers not greater than 10⁴, whose product is the number \mathbb{A} .

Third line of input contains the positive integer M (1 <= M <= 1000).

Fourth line of input contains \underline{M} space-separated positive integers not greater than 10⁴, whose product is the number \underline{B} .

OUTPUT

Print the greatest common divisor of numbers \underline{A} and \underline{B} modulo 100000007.

Constraints

1 <= N, M <= 1000 1 <= element of list <= 10000

Sample Input #00

5				
2	2	3	3	25
4				
8	1	6	170	

Sample Output #00

60

Sample Input #01

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13
1 2 4 8 32 64 128 256 512 1024 2048 4096 8192
9
1 3 9 27 81 243 729 2187 6561
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Sample Output #01

1

Sample Input #02

Sample Output #02

10

Explanation

Sample Case #00: Here $A = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 25 = 900$, while $B = 8 \times 1 \times 6 \times 170 = 8160$. Greatest common divisor of 900 and 8160 is 60.

Sample Case #01: In first list all number are of form 2^a and in second they are of form 3^a . As these two list doesn't share any factor, their gcd is 1.

Sample Case #02: The greatest common divisor of numbers A(=30) and B(=20) equals 10.