

Identify Smith Numbers

A *Smith number* is a composite number, the sum of whose digits is the sum of the digits of its prime factors obtained as a result of prime factorization (excluding 1). The first few such numbers are **4, 22, 27, 58, 85, 94**, and **121**.

Example:

$$378 = 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 7$$

So, its prime factors are **2, 3, 3, 3**, and **7**.

The sum of its digits is $(3 + 7 + 8) = 18$.

The sum of the digits of its factors is $(2 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 7) = 18$.

Similarly, **4937775** is a Smith number.

4937775 = $3 \times 5 \times 5 \times 65837$, and the sum of its digits is the same as the sum of the digits of its prime factors: $4 + 9 + 3 + 7 + 7 + 7 + 5 = 3 + 5 + 5 + 6 + 5 + 8 + 3 + 7 = 42$.

Task:

Write a program to check whether a given integer is a Smith number.

Input Format

There will be only one line of input: N , the number which needs to be checked.

Constraints:

$0 < N < 2,147,483,647$ (max value of an integer of the size of 4 bytes)

Output Format

1 if the number is a Smith number.

0 if the number is a not Smith number.

Sample Input

378

Sample Output

1

Explanation

Its prime factors are **2, 3, 3, 3**, and **7**.

The sum of its digits is $(3 + 7 + 8) = 18$.

The sum of the digits of its factors is $(2 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 7) = 18$.