Java List

For this problem, we have ${f 2}$ types of queries you can perform on a List:

1. Insert y at index x:

Insert x y

2. Delete the element at index x:

Delete x

Given a list, L, of N integers, perform Q queries on the list. Once all queries are completed, print the modified list as a single line of space-separated integers.

Input Format

The first line contains an integer, N (the initial number of elements in L).

The second line contains N space-separated integers describing L.

The third line contains an integer, Q (the number of queries).

The 2Q subsequent lines describe the queries, and each query is described over two lines:

- If the first line of a query contains the String **Insert**, then the second line contains two space separated integers x y, and the value y must be inserted into L at index x.
- If the first line of a query contains the String **Delete**, then the second line contains index x, whose element must be deleted from L.

Constraints

- $1 \le N \le 4000$
- $1 \leq Q \leq 4000$
- Each element in is a 32-bit integer.

Output Format

Print the updated list L as a single line of space-separated integers.

Sample Input

```
5
12 0 1 78 12
2
Insert
5 23
Delete
0
```

Sample Output

0 1 78 12 23

Explanation

 $\boldsymbol{L} = [12, 0, 1, 78, 12]$

 Q_0 : Insert 23 at index 5. $L_0 = [12, 0, 1, 78, 12, 23]$

 $egin{aligned} Q_1\colon & \mathbf{Delete} ext{ the element at index } 0. \ & L_1=[0,1,78,12,23] \end{aligned}$

Having performed all Q queries, we print L_1 as a single line of space-separated integers.