Organizing Containers of Balls

David has several containers, each with a number of balls in it. He has just enough containers to sort each type of ball he has into its own container. David wants to sort the balls using his sort method.

HackerRank

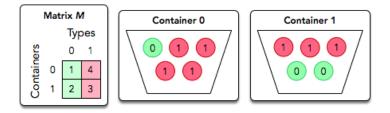
David wants to perform some number of swap operations such that:

- Each container contains only balls of the same type.
- No two balls of the same type are located in different containers.

Example

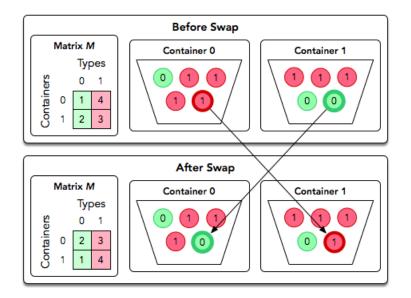
 $containers = \llbracket [1,4], \llbracket 2,3
brace
brace$

David has n = 2 containers and 2 different types of balls, both of which are numbered from 0 to n - 1 = 1. The distribution of ball types per container are shown in the following diagram.



In a single operation, David can *swap* two balls located in different containers.

The diagram below depicts a single swap operation:



In this case, there is no way to have all green balls in one container and all red in the other using only swap operations. Return Impossible.

You must perform q queries where each query is in the form of a matrix, M. For each query, print **Possible** on a new line if David can satisfy the conditions above for the given matrix. Otherwise, print

Impossible.

Function Description

Complete the *organizingContainers* function in the editor below.

organizingContainers has the following parameter(s):

• *int containter[n][m]*: a two dimensional array of integers that represent the number of balls of each color in each container

Returns

• *string:* either Possible Or Impossible

Input Format

The first line contains an integer q_{\prime} the number of queries.

Each of the next q sets of lines is as follows:

- 1. The first line contains an integer n, the number of containers (rows) and ball types (columns).
- 2. Each of the next n lines contains n space-separated integers describing row containers[i].

Constraints

- $1 \leq q \leq 10$
- $1 \le n \le 100$
- $0 \leq containers[i][j] \leq 10^9$

Scoring

- For 33% of score, $1 \leq n \leq 10$.
- For 100% of score, $1 \le n \le 100$.

Output Format

For each query, print **Possible** on a new line if David can satisfy the conditions above for the given matrix. Otherwise, print **Impossible**.

Sample Input 0

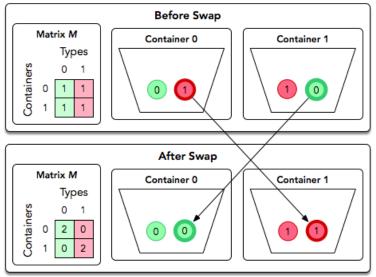
Sample Output 0

```
Possible
Impossible
```

Explanation 0

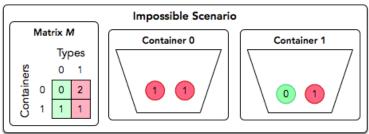
We perform the following q=2 queries:

1. The diagram below depicts one possible way to satisfy David's requirements for the first query:



Thus, we print **Possible** on a new line.

2. The diagram below depicts the matrix for the second query:



No matter how many times we swap balls of type t_0 and t_1 between the two containers, we'll never end up with one container only containing type t_0 and the other container only containing type t_1 . Thus, we print Impossible on a new line.

Sample Input 1

Sample Output 1

Impossible

Possible