Consider a list (list = [] ). You can perform the following commands:

1. insert i e: Insert integer $e$ at position $i$.
2. print: Print the list.
3. remove $e$ : Delete the first occurrence of integer $e$.
4. append $e$ : Insert integer $e$ at the end of the list.
5. sort: Sort the list.
6. pop: Pop the last element from the list.
7. reverse: Reverse the list.

Initialize your list and read in the value of $n$ followed by $n$ lines of commands where each command will be of the 7 types listed above. Iterate through each command in order and perform the corresponding operation on your list.

## Example

$N=4$
append 1
append 2
insert 31
print

- append 1: Append 1 to the list, arr $=[1]$.
- append 2: Append 2 to the list, arr $=[1,2]$.
- insert 3 1: Insert 3 at index 1 , $\operatorname{arr}=[1,3,2]$.
- print: Print the array. Output:

```
[1, 3, 2]
```


## Input Format

The first line contains an integer, $n$, denoting the number of commands.
Each line $i$ of the $n$ subsequent lines contains one of the commands described above.

## Constraints

- The elements added to the list must be integers.


## Output Format

For each command of type print, print the list on a new line.

## Sample Input 0

```
1 2
insert 0 5
insert 1 10
insert 0 6
print
remove 6
append 9
append 1
sort
print
pop
reverse
print
```


## Sample Output 0

```
[6, 5, 10]
[1, 5, 9, 10]
[9, 5, 1]
```

