Two spies in a grid will have their covers blown if:

1. They are both in the same row.
2. They are both in the same column.
3. They can see each other diagonally (i.e., lie in a line inclined $45^{\circ}$ or $135^{\circ}$ to the base of the grid).

The level of danger is now increased! In addition to the conditions above, no 3 spies may lie in any straight line. This line need not be aligned $45^{\circ}$ or $135^{\circ}$ to the base of grid.

Write a program in the language of your choice to place $N$ spies (one spy per row) on an $N \times N$ grid without blowing anyone's cover. Your program must then print the following 2 lines describing a valid configuration:

1. The value of $N$.
2. A space-separated list of 1 -indexed column numbers, where each value $i$ is the column number of the spy in row $i$ (where $1 \leq i \leq N$ ).

Solve this problem for $N$ as large as possible, up to (and including) 999.
Note: Run and Custom Input are not available for this challenge; you must click Submit Code for your submission to be scored. Your score for this challenge will always be the maximum value scored by any of your submissions.

## Examples

In the examples below, $S$ denotes a spy and $*$ denotes an empty cell.

## Sample Configuration 0

A valid configuration for $N=11$ :


## Sample Output 0

This C++ code:

```
#include <stdio>
using namespace std;
```

```
int main(){
    cout << "11\n" ;
    cout << "2 4 7 1 8 11 5 3 9 6 10" ;
    return 0 ;
}
```

Produces this output:

```
11
2 4 7 1 8 8 11 5 5 3 9 6 10
```

This configuration will earn a score of $11 / 10=1.1$.

## Sample Configuration 1

A valid configuration for $N=13$ :
$\square$

## Sample Output 1

This Python code:

```
print "13"
print "1 3 12 10 7 2 11 5 8 13 9
```

Produces this output:

```
1 3
1 3 12 10 7 2 11 5 8 13 9}404
```

This configuration will earn a score of $13 / 10=1.3$.

## Sample Configuration 2

An invalid configuration for $N=7$ :

| $S$ | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | $*$ | $S$ | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ |
| $*$ | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ | $S$ | $*$ | $*$ |
| $*$ | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ | $S$ |
| $*$ | $S$ | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ |
| $*$ | $*$ | $*$ | $S$ | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ |
| $*$ | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ | $S$ | $*$ |

## Sample Output 2

The following output:

```
7
357246
```

will earn a score of 0 because the spies in the first 4 rows are in a straight line as are the spies in the next 3 rows.

## Input Format

There is no input for this challenge.

## Constraints

- $N$ is odd.
- $N<1000$ (Do not submit for any value of $N$ larger than 999 )


## Scoring

A correct configuration will get a score of $\frac{N}{10}$.

## Output Format

Print the following 2 lines of output:

1. The first line should be a single integer denoting the value of $N$.
2. The second line should contain a space-separated list of integers. Each integer $i$ (where $1<i \leq N$ ) should be the 1 -indexed column number where the spy in row $i$ is located.
