

HackerLand Enterprise is adopting a new viral advertising strategy. When they launch a new product, they advertise it to exactly 5 people on social media.

On the first day, half of those 5 people (i.e., $\text{floor}(\frac{5}{2}) = 2$) like the advertisement and each shares it with 3 of their friends. At the beginning of the second day, $\text{floor}(\frac{5}{2}) \times 3 = 2 \times 3 = 6$ people receive the advertisement.

Each day, $\text{floor}(\frac{\text{recipients}}{2})$ of the recipients like the advertisement and will share it with 3 friends on the following day. Assuming nobody receives the advertisement twice, determine how many people have liked the ad by the end of a given day, beginning with launch day as day 1.

Example
 $n = 5$.

Day	Shared	Liked	Cumulative
1	5	2	2
2	6	3	5
3	9	4	9
4	12	6	15
5	18	9	24

The progression is shown above. The cumulative number of likes on the 5th day is 24.

Function Description

Complete the *viralAdvertising* function in the editor below.

viralAdvertising has the following parameter(s):

- *int n*: the day number to report

Returns

- *int*: the cumulative likes at that day

Input Format

A single integer, *n*, the day number.

Constraints

- $1 \leq n \leq 50$

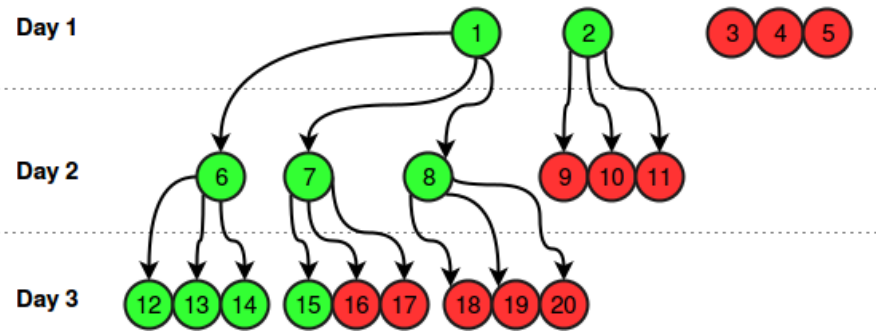
Sample Input

3

Sample Output

Explanation

This example is depicted in the following diagram:



2 people liked the advertisement on the first day, 3 people liked the advertisement on the second day and 4 people liked the advertisement on the third day, so the answer is $2 + 3 + 4 = 9$.