## Sum and Difference of Two Numbers

## Objective

The fundamental data types in c are int, float and char. Today, we're discussing int and float data types.
The printf() function prints the given statement to the console. The syntax is printf("format string", argument_list); . In the function, if we are using an integer, character, string or float as argument, then in the format string we have to write \%d (integer), \%c (character), \%s (string), \%f (float) respectively.

The scanf() function reads the input data from the console. The syntax is scanf("format string", argument_list) ; . For ex: The scanf("\%d", \&number) statement reads integer number from the console and stores the given value in variable number.

To input two integers separated by a space on a single line, the command is scanf("\%d\%d", \&n, \&m), where $n$ and $m$ are the two integers.

## Task

Your task is to take two numbers of int data type, two numbers of float data type as input and output their sum:

1. Declare 4 variables: two of type int and two of type float.
2. Read 2 lines of input from stdin (according to the sequence given in the 'Input Format' section below) and initialize your 4 variables.
3. Use the + and - operator to perform the following operations:

- Print the sum and difference of two int variable on a new line.
- Print the sum and difference of two float variable rounded to one decimal place on a new line.


## Input Format

The first line contains two integers.
The second line contains two floating point numbers.

## Constraints

- $1 \leq$ integer variables $\leq 10^{4}$
- $1 \leq$ float variables $\leq 10^{4}$


## Output Format

Print the sum and difference of both integers separated by a space on the first line, and the sum and difference of both float (scaled to 1 decimal place) separated by a space on the second line.

## Sample Input

```
104
4.0 2.0
```


## Sample Output

```
146
6.0 2.0
```


## Explanation

When we sum the integers 10 and 4 , we get the integer 14 . When we subtract the second number 4 from the first number 10, we get 6 as their difference.
When we sum the floating-point numbers 4.0 and 2.0 , we get 6.0 . When we subtract the second number 2.0 from the first number 4.0 , we get 2.0 as their difference.

