This problem is a programming version of Problem 26 from projecteuler.net
A unit fraction contains 1 in the numerator. The decimal representation of the unit fractions with denominators 2 to 10 are given:

$$
\begin{aligned}
\frac{1}{2} & =0.5 \\
\frac{1}{3} & =0 .(3) \\
\frac{1}{4} & =0.25 \\
\frac{1}{5} & =0.2 \\
\frac{1}{6} & =0.1(6) \\
\frac{1}{7} & =0 .(142857) \\
\frac{1}{8} & =0.125 \\
\frac{1}{9} & =0 .(1) \\
\frac{1}{10} & =0.1
\end{aligned}
$$

Where $0.1(6)$ means $0.166666 \ldots$, and has a 1 -digit recurring cycle. It can be seen that $\frac{1}{7}$ has a 6 -digit recurring cycle.

Find the value of smallest $d<N$ for which $\frac{1}{d}$ contains the longest recurring cycle in its decimal fraction part.

## Input Format

The first line contains an integer $T$, i.e., number of test cases.
Next $T$ lines will contain an integer $N$.

## Constraints

$1 \leq T \leq 1000$
$4 \leq N \leq 10000$

## Output Format

Print the values corresponding to each test case.

## Sample Input

## Sample Output

