## Project Euler \#87: Prime power triples

The smallest number expressible as the sum of a prime square, prime cube, and prime fourth power is 28. In fact, there are exactly four numbers below fifty that can be expressed in such a way:
$28=2^{2}+2^{3}+2^{4}$
$33=3^{2}+2^{3}+2^{4}$
$49=5^{2}+2^{3}+2^{4}$
$47=2^{2}+3^{3}+2^{4}$
Given an integer $N$, Find out how many numbers less than or equal to $N$ are there that can be expressed as a sum of a prime square, prime cube and prime fourth power.

## Input Format

First line contains an integer $T$ denoting the number of testcases.
The next $T$ lines contain integer $N$.

## Constraints

$1 \leq T \leq 10^{5}$
$1 \leq N \leq 10^{7}$

## Output Format

The $i^{\text {th }}$ line containing the answer for the $i^{t h}$ testcase.
Sample Input

1
50

## Sample Output

4

