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# **Project Euler #130: Composites with prime repunit property**

This problem is a programming version of Problem 130 from projecteuler.net

A number consisting entirely of ones is called a repunit. We shall define R(k) to be a repunit of length k; for example, R(6) = 111111.

Given that i is a positive integer and gcd(i, 10) = 1, it can be shown that there always exists a value, k, for which R(k) is divisible by i, and let A(i) be the least such value of k; for example, A(7) = 6 and A(41) = 5.

You are given that for all primes, p > 5, that p - 1 is divisible by A(p). For example, when p = 41, A(41) = 5, and 40 is divisible by 5.

However, there are rare composite values for which this is also true; the first five examples being 91, 259, 451, 481, and 703.

Given L and R, print all composite values i in the interval [L, R] for which gcd(i, 10) = 1 and i - 1 is divisible by A(i).

### **Input Format**

The input contains consists of one line containing two integers L and R separated by a space.

#### Constraints

 $egin{aligned} R-L &\leq 1500000 \ 2 &\leq L &\leq R \end{aligned}$ 

In files #01-#05:  $R \leq 10000$ In files #06-#10:  $R \leq 1500000$ In files #11-#25:  $R \leq 10^{12}$ 

#### **Output Format**

Output all composite values i in the interval [L, R] for which gcd(i, 10) = 1 and i - 1 is divisible by A(i), each in a single line.

#### Sample Input

2 1000

#### Sample Output

## Explanation

A(91)=6 and 90 is divisible by 6.