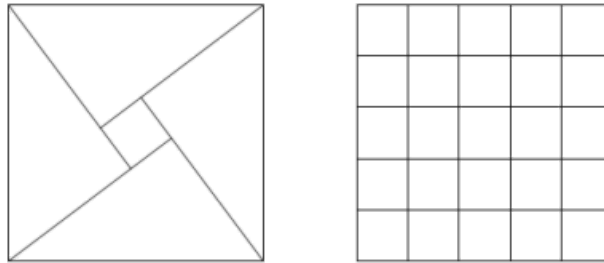


# Project Euler #139: Pythagorean tiles

This problem is a programming version of [Problem 139](#) from [projecteuler.net](#)

Let  $(a, b, c)$  represent the three sides of a right angle triangle with integral length sides. It is possible to place four such triangles together to form a square with length  $c$ .

For example,  $(3, 4, 5)$  triangles can be placed together to form a  $5$  by  $5$  square with a  $1$  by  $1$  hole in the middle and it can be seen that the  $5$  by  $5$  square can be tiled with twenty-five  $1$  by  $1$  squares.



However, if  $(5, 12, 13)$  triangles were used then the hole would measure  $7$  by  $7$  and these could not be used to tile the  $13$  by  $13$  square.

Given  $P$ , how many Pythagorean triangles would allow such a tiling to take place and whose perimeter is less than  $P$ ?

## Input Format

The first line of input contains  $T$ , the number of test cases.

Each test case consists of a single line containing a single integer,  $P$ .

## Constraints

$$1 \leq T \leq 10^5$$

In the first test case:  $1 \leq P \leq 10^4$

In the second test case:  $1 \leq P \leq 10^8$

In the third test case:  $1 \leq P \leq 10^{18}$

## Output Format

For each test case, output a single line containing a single integer, the answer for that test case.

## Sample Input

```
1
15
```

## Sample Output

