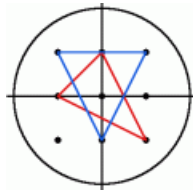


Project Euler #184: Triangles containing the origin.

This problem is a programming version of [Problem 184](#) from [projecteuler.net](#)

Consider the set I_r of points (x, y) with integer co-ordinates in the interior of the circle with radius r , centered at the origin, i.e. $x^2 + y^2 < r^2$.

For a radius of **2**, I_2 contains the nine points $(0, 0)$, $(1, 0)$, $(1, 1)$, $(0, 1)$, $(-1, 1)$, $(-1, 0)$, $(-1, -1)$, $(0, -1)$ and $(1, -1)$. There are eight triangles having all three vertices in I_2 which contain the origin in the interior. Two of them are shown below, the others are obtained from these by rotation.



For a radius of **3**, there are **360** triangles containing the origin in the interior and having all vertices in I_3 and for I_5 the number is **10600**.

How many triangles are there containing the origin in the interior and having all three vertices in I_r ?

Input Format

The only line of every test file contains a single integer - r .

Constraints

$$2 \leq r \leq 10^6$$

Output Format

Output a single integer - an answer to the problem modulo $10^9 + 7$

Sample Input 0

2

Sample Output 0

8

Sample Input 1

3

Sample Output 1

360

Sample Input 2

5

Sample Output 2

10600