## Project Euler \#193: Squarefree Numbers

A positive integer $n$ is called squarefree, if no square of a prime divides $n$, thus $1,2,3,5,6,7,10,11$ are squarefree, but not $4,8,9,12$.

Similarly, let us define a positive integer $n$ to be $k^{\text {th }}$ powerfree if no $k^{\text {th }}$ power of a prime divides $n$. For example, 40 is $4^{\text {th }}$ powerfree, but not 48 .

You are given two positive integers, $N$, and $K$. Find the number of $K^{\text {th }}$ powerfree positive integers $\leq N$

## Input Format

The only line of the input contains two integers, $N$, and $K$.

## Constraints

$1 \leq N, K \leq 10^{18}$

## Output Format

Print one line containing the number of $K^{\text {th }}$ powerfree positive integers $\leq N$

## Sample Input 0

```
10 2
```


## Sample Output 0

```
    7
```


## Explanation 0

We have to find the number of $2^{\text {nd }}$-powerfree (squarefree) integers $\leq 10$. These integers are $1,2,3,5,6,7,10$

## Sample Input 1

```
103
```


## Sample Output 1

## 9

## Explanation 1

All positive integers $\leq 10$ are $3^{\text {rd }}$-powerfree, except 8 . (Since $8=2^{3}$ is divisible by $2^{3}$ )

