Given an array of integers, calculate the ratios of its elements that are positive, negative, and zero. Print the decimal value of each fraction on a new line with 6 places after the decimal.

Note: This challenge introduces precision problems. The test cases are scaled to six decimal places, though answers with absolute error of up to $10^{-4}$ are acceptable.

## Example

$\operatorname{arr}=[1,1,0,-1,-1]$
There are $n=5$ elements, two positive, two negative and one zero. Their ratios are $\frac{2}{5}=0.400000$, $\frac{2}{5}=0.400000$ and $\frac{1}{5}=0.200000$. Results are printed as:

### 0.400000

0.400000
0.200000

## Function Description

Complete the plusMinus function in the editor below.
plusMinus has the following parameter(s):

- int arr[n]: an array of integers


## Print

Print the ratios of positive, negative and zero values in the array. Each value should be printed on a separate line with 6 digits after the decimal. The function should not return a value.

## Input Format

The first line contains an integer, $n$, the size of the array.
The second line contains $n$ space-separated integers that describe $\operatorname{arr}[n]$.

## Constraints

$0<n \leq 100$
$-100 \leq \operatorname{arr}[i] \leq 100$

## Output Format

Print the following 3 lines, each to 6 decimals:

1. proportion of positive values
2. proportion of negative values
3. proportion of zeros

## Sample Input

$-43-9041 \quad \operatorname{arr}=[-4,3,-9,0,4,1]$

## Sample Output

0.500000
0.333333
0.166667

## Explanation

There are 3 positive numbers, 2 negative numbers, and 1 zero in the array.
The proportions of occurrence are positive: $\frac{3}{6}=0.500000$, negative: $\frac{2}{6}=0.333333$ and zeros:
$\frac{1}{6}=0.166667$.

